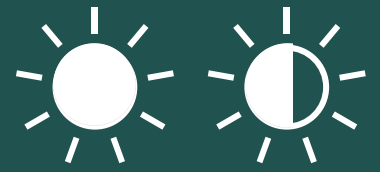


PERENNIAL HERB



Hoary Mountain Mint

Pycnanthemum incanum



GENUS SPOTLIGHT:
MOUNTAIN MINTS

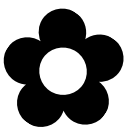


- Native to dry open woods/thickets
- Blooms white/purple, July-Sept
- Attractive silvery-white foliage
- Colony-forming; shallow rhizomes
- Favorite food source for pollinators

FUN FACTS:

Larger/darker purple flowers than other Mt. Mints. May not be suitable for small gardens. Pleasantly aromatic!

COMPANIONS: Little Bluestem, Smooth Blue Aster, Switchgrass, Yellow Coneflower, Prairie Dropseed, Coreopsis, Stiff Goldenrod, Purple Coneflower, Common Milkweed



Late
Summer



Deer
Resistant



Pollinator
Powerhouse



Colony
Forming



Silvery/White
Foliage



Minty
Fragrance



Herbal/
Medicinal

Height: 3 feet
Spacing: 1-2 feet

Soil: Average, Rocky, Clay
Medium, Medium-Dry